COMMITTEE: Disarmament Committee TOPIC: Finding means to subdue illicit small arms trade in Sub-Saharan Africa and MENA Region MAIN SUBMITTER: United Kingdom CO-SUBMITTER: Italy SPONSORS: United States, Sudan

Disarmament Committee,

Alarmed by the fact that there are 500,000 casualties at the hands of small arms each year,

<u>Fully aware</u> of the fact that the illicit small arms market makes up around 10-20% of the global arms market's \$1 billion annual worth,

<u>Deeply concerned</u> by the fact that corruption in arms trade makes up for about 40% of all corruption worldwide,

<u>Having heard</u> there may be 30 million firearms potentially circulating throughout Africa alone,

<u>Applauding</u> previous actions like the Arms Trade Treaty (ATT) and the Program of Actions on Small Arms (POA), and the UN Firearm Protocol, for their significant contribution regarding the arms trade,

- 1. <u>Encourages</u> nations to ratify Arms Trade Treaty (ATT) and puts its regulations into action immediately;
- 2. <u>Calls upon</u> the establishment of an official UN program known as the Conflict Zones Arms Trade Program (CZATP), specifically regarding small arms trade in conflict zones, which would:
 - a. establish small arms trade regulations and requirements, which include but are not limited to:
 - i. the destruction of all surplus and obsolete small arms nations possess,
 - ii. limitation of weapon import capacity in afflicted nations to no more than \$90 million worth of small arms each year,
 - b. be carried out in correspondence with the International Humanitarian Laws (IHL) and build upon the existing framework of the ATT;
- 3. <u>Further affirms</u> the requirement of government-approved licenses directed towards parties wishing to export or import small arms or any of their individual components, whose requirements for being granted include but are not limited to:
 - a. being a government organisation that has stably functioned for at least 5 years,

- b. proper national identification of all members,
- c. no trace of criminal history or corruption,
- d. compliance with monitoring of all transactions through public documentation and archives;
- 4. <u>Requests</u> cooperation from MDCs to:
 - a. monitor the transport of exported small arms to ensure proper implementation,
 - b. help strengthen the security of borders and weapon storage facilities by:
 - i. dispatching trained guards to import destination ports and storage facilities,
 - ii. providing advanced security technology to LDCs;
- 5. <u>Urges</u> for the enforcement of these laws through efforts such as but not limited to:
 - a. the sanction of countries involved in the illicit small arms trade,
 - b. CZATP meetings to discuss the issue of small arms which include but are not limited to:
 - i. annual meetings to discuss general progress and solutions to potential issues,
 - ii. mid-annual regional seminars in afflicted countries.